

1948-49 NOUE

ALIGNMENT DATA ON SHEET 235

ON SHEETS

230 to 234

TROUBLE SHOOTING DATA

F=455xc

MODEL UN 6-550

PHILCO

## PHILCO TROUBLE-SHOOTING PROCEDURE

In this manual, the receiver circuit is divided into four sections, as shown in figure 1. One test point is designated for each section, as shown in figure 2. Normal indications, secured when checking at these points, eliminate the section under test as a source of trouble. Isolation of the faulty part is accomplished by testing in the order shown in the sectional test charts. A high-quality signal generator, volt-ohmmeter, ammeter (0 to 30 amps., d.c.), and a source of 6.3 volts d.c. are required. The voltage readings

shown were taken with a 20,000-ohms-per-volt meter.

To localize trouble, connect the receiver to the power supply; turn the receiver volume control to maximum; see that all tube filaments are lighted; then proceed in the order given in the following chart. Remedy any defect encountered before proceeding to next check.

When using the signal generator, always connect a condenser (.01 to .25 mf.) in series with the output lead.

### TESTS TO LOCALIZE TROUBLE TO ONE SECTION

SECTION	TEST	NORMAL RESULTS	
1	Place ammeter in series with power source, and measure current drain of set.	Approximately 8.3 amps.	
2	Apply audio signal between point 2 and chassis (C).	Loud, clear signal from speaker.	
3	Apply weak, modulated 455-kc. signal between point 3 and C.	Loud, clear signal.	
4	Apply weak, modulated, r-f signal (approx. 1000 kc.) between point 4 and C. Set selector switch to "DIAL",* and tuning cond. to half-meshed; tune sig. gen. until a signal is heard. Test also in "AUTOMATIC" positions 1—5 inclusive.	Loud, clear signal.	

<sup>\*</sup> To set the selector switch in "DIAL" position, unscrew the locking screw (see figure 11, page 6) until it protrudes \\\'\_2" from the outside of the case. Then rotate the selector switch until it locks. This will be the "DIAL" position,

and the "AUTOMATIC" positions 1 to 5 may be found by releasing the lock and rotating the switch clockwise, while watching the rotor arm contact on the rear of the switch wafer nearest the side of the chassis.

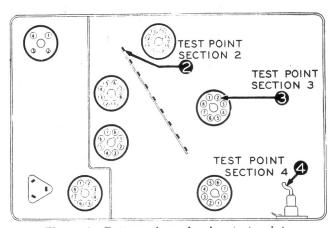


Figure 2. Bottom view, showing test points.

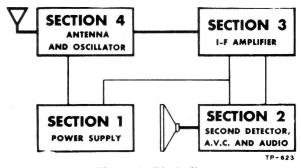
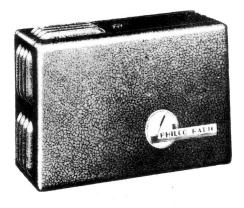


Figure 1. Block diagram (Heavy lines indicate signal path)

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AUTO RADIO MODEL UN 6-550

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## TESTS TO ISOLATE TROUBLE WITHIN SECTION 1

With the exception of the first test, all measurements in this section should be made with a volt-ohmmeter, using the applicable d-c range. The voltages given were taken with the set operating and the volume control at minimum. See figures 3 and 4 for location of test points.

NOTE: If the 7Y4 is found to be defective, check C104A and C104B for shorts before inserting a new tube. If the vibrator is found to be defective, check C103 for a short before inserting a new vibrator.

Test Points	Normal Indication	Possible Cause of Abnormal Indication
Ammeter in series with power source.	8.3 amps.	Excessively high or low current indicates defective VB100, T100, C103, or 7Y4.
A to C	240 volts	Defective 7Y4, C104A, or C104B.
B to C	220 volts	Defective R102, C104B, or C304 (see Section 3 for location).

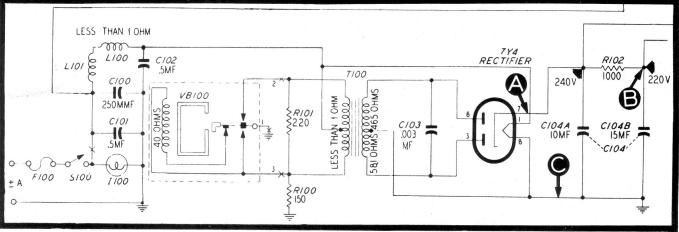


Figure 3. Section 1 schematic

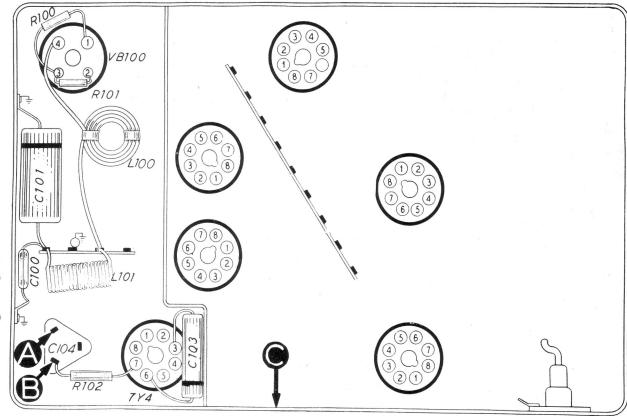


Figure 4. Bottom view, showing Section 1 test points.

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## TESTS TO ISOLATE TROUBLE WITHIN SECTION 2

For all tests in this section, use an audio signal. Connect the signal-generator output lead through a condenser (.01 to .25 mf.) to the test points indicated; connect the ground lead to the receiver chassis (C). Set the receiver volume control at maximum, and adjust the signal-generator output for a loud, clear signal.

Test Points	Normal Indication	Possible Cause of Abnormal Indication
D to C	Loud, clear signal from speaker.	Defective 7C5, T200, LS200, C207, C206, C204, or R206.
E to C	Loud, clear signal.	Open C204.
F to C (Short out C203)	Clear signal, noticeably louder than preceding test.	Defective 7B6, open R202, R203, R303, or shorted C202.
G to C (Remove short from C203)	Loud, clear signal.	Defective C201 or R200 (Rotate R200 through its entire range for complete check).

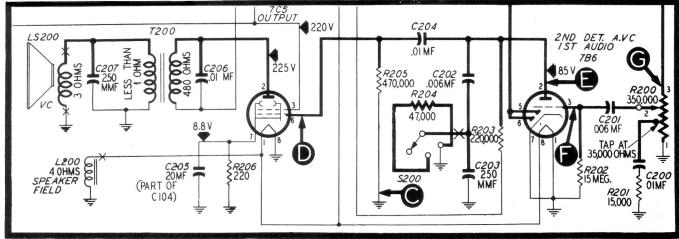


Figure 5. Section 2 schematic.

C202 R203 C205 (PART OF C104)

Bottom view, showing Section 2 test points.

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## TESTS TO ISOLATE TROUBLE WITHIN SECTION 3

For all tests in this section, set the signal generator at 455 kc., with modulation on. Connect the generator output lead through a condenser (.01 to .25 mf.) to the points indicated; connect the generator ground lead to the receiver chassis (C). Set the receiver volume control at maximum, and adjust the signal-generator output for a loud, clear signal.

Test Points	Normal Indication	Possible Cause of Abnormal Indication	
H to C	Loud, clear signal from speaker.	Defective 7A7, C302, C304, Z301, R301, or R303.	
J to C	Loud, clear signal.	Defective Z300.	

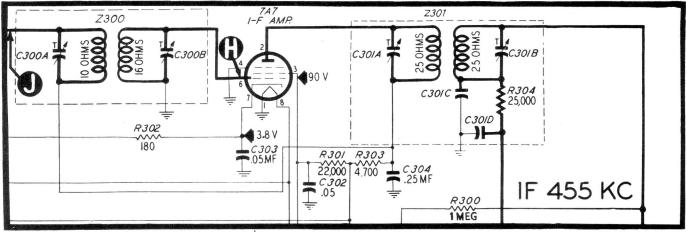


Figure 7. Section 3 schematic.

Figure 8. Bottom view, showing Section 3 test points.

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## TESTS TO ISOLATE TROUBLE WITHIN SECTION 4

1. Attach the positive lead of a 20,000-ohms-per-volt meter to the receiver chassis, and the prod end of the negative lead through a 50,000-ohm-resistor to point P. Set the meter on a 10-volt or similar range, and rotate the tuning condenser through its entire range on each position of the band switch. Absence of voltage indicates that the oscillator is not functioning. If so, check the components

indicated ir column 3 of the first test below, in the order listed.

2. Connect the signal-generator output lead through a condenser (.01 to .25 mf.) to the test points indicated. Set the receiver volume control at maximum, and proceed as below. The normal indication in each case will be a loud, clear signal, when the signal-generator is tuned to the same frequency as the receiver.

1. Test Points	2. Selector Switch	3. Possible Cause of Abnormal Indication	
K. to C (chassis)	Dial	Defective 7B8, R402, R405, L404, or S400B.	
K to C	Automatic Positions 1-5.	Defective L406-1, L407-2, L408-3, L409-4, L410-5, or S400B.	
L to C	Dial	Defective Z403.	
M to C	Dial	Defective 7A7, R400, or R401.	
N to C	Dial	Defective L401, L402, C401, C406, or S400B.	
N to C	Automatic Positions 1-5.	Defective C400-1, C400-2, C400-3, C400-4, C400-5, or S400A.	

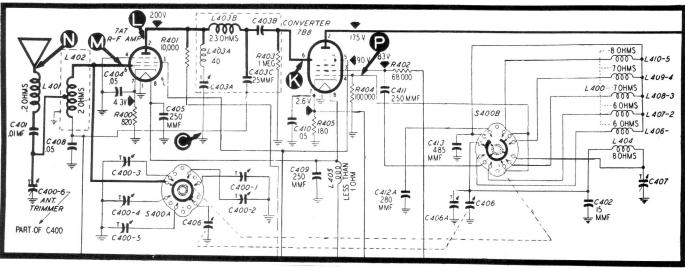


Figure 9. Section 4 schematic.

## 4UTO RADIO MODEL UN 6-550

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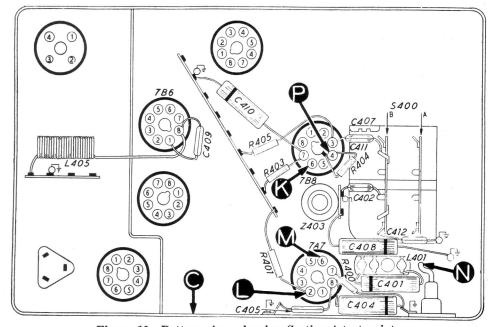


Figure 10. Bottom view, showing Section 4 test points.

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OUTPUT METER: Connect to the voice-coil lugs on the speaker.

SIGNAL GENERATOR: Connect the output lead as indicated in the chart below; connect the ground lead to the receiver chassis. Set the receiver volume control at maximum. Then adjust the signal-generator output to give a readable deflection on the output meter, using the meter range that best indicates small changes in output. Reduce the signal-generator output as alignment progresses, to

prevent the meter needle from going off scale. Adjust all trimmers listed for maximum output.

DIAL CALIBRATION: When the radio is re-installed in the car, the dial pointer must be set to coincide with the index dot at the low-frequency end of the dial, with the tuning condenser fully meshed.

tuning condenser fully meshed.

NOTE: Instructions for setting up the automatic pushbutton tuning control may be found in the UN6-550 Operating and Installation Instructions, Philo Part No. 39-7882.

## ALIGNMENT CHART

	SIGNAL GENERATOR			RECEIVER		
	Connections to Receiver	Di Sett		Tuning-Condenser Setting	Special Instructions	Adjust Trimmers
1	Through .05 mf. to pin 6 of the 7B8.	455	kc.	Fully meshed.	Preset C403A fully tight.	C403A (fully tight)
	14 T	7			Lock station-selector switch in "DIAL" position; ground stator of oscillator section of gang. Adjust for maximum in given order; then repeat this procedure.	C301A C300B
2	Same as 1.	455	kc.	Fully meshed.	Adjust for minimum; then remove ground from oscillator section of gang.	
	Through 30 mmf. in series with antenna lead, Philco Part No. 95- 0185 to antenna connector.	1580	kc.	Fully open.	Adjust for maximum.	C406A
4	Same as 3.	1400	kc.	Tune to maximum signal.	Adjust for maximum. Final adjust- ment must be made after radio has been re-installed in car with antenna connected.	C400A
5	Same as 3.	580	kc.	Tune to maximum signal.	Adjust while rocking tuning gang.	C 407
6	Same as 3.				Repeat steps 3, 4, and 5.	

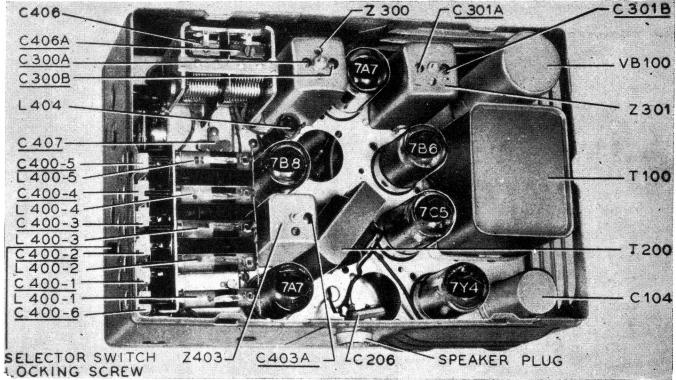


Figure 11. Top view, showing trimmer-condenser locations.